Elements of Design: Intro

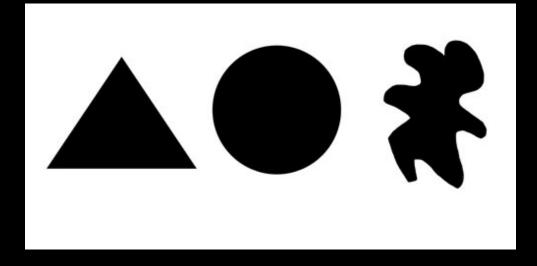
Shape. Line. Composition. 2D Design- Art 203

Shape

A flat enclosed area created when:

- 1. A line connects to enclose an area.
- 2. An area of value, color or texture is defined by a clear boundary.
- 3. An area is surrounded by other shapes.

Shapes can be Geometric or organic.



Shape

Shapes can vary endlessly and direct eye movement

Simple shapes are remembered and understood more easily than complex shapes



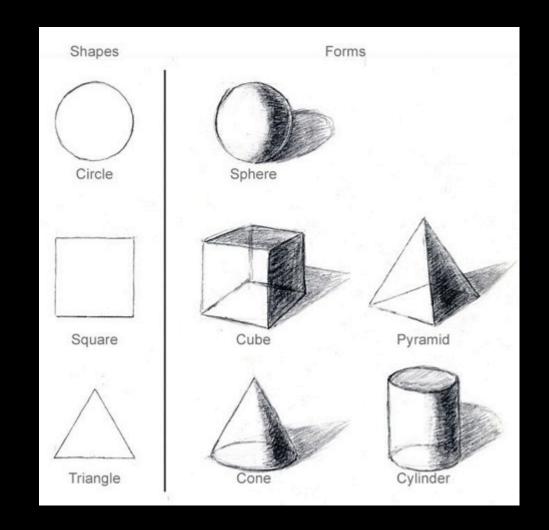


Henri Matisse, Beasts of the Sea, 1950

Shape

Simple shapes can be transformed to the Illusion of FORM with the addition of a shift in value.

Forms are threedimensional shapes expressing length, width and depth.



Space

2D = Height, width & the illusion of depth.

Space is the area between and around lines, shapes, textures, colors and type.

Negative space refers to the area unoccupied in the field.

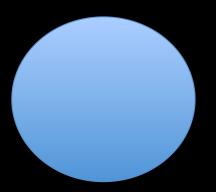
Negative space has shape.

Shape and Space- relationship

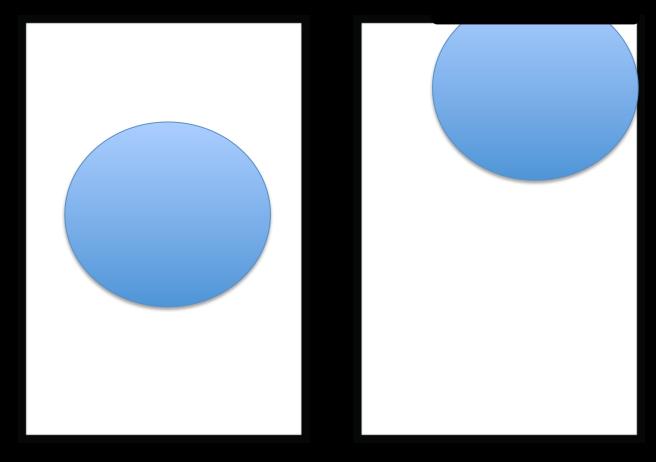
Shape and Space define the figure/ground relationship.

Shape = Figure

Space = Ground



Shape and Space- relationship



Space/Ground- symmetrical balance and asymmetrical balance

Shape and Space-relationship

Figure/Ground Relationship

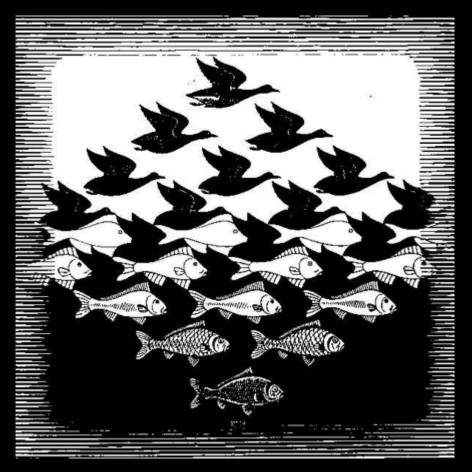
Ground = Background

Figure = Shape

Figure/Ground relationship

is integrated

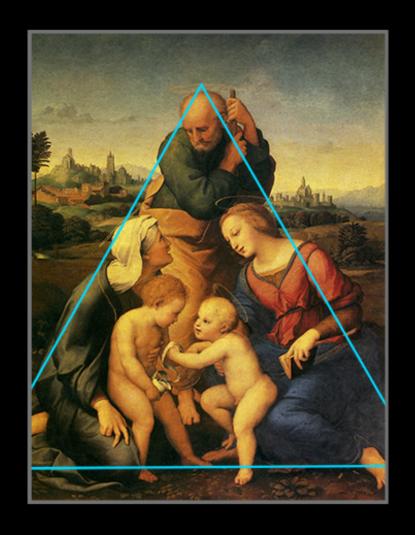
Background and Figure reverse so it's more confusing as to which is which



Water and Sky, M. C Escher

Shape and Space- Composition

- The placement or arrangement of visual elements or ingredients in a work of art.
- Means "putting together."
- Distinct from Subject Matter



Shape and Space- Composition

• The rule of thirds is a good way to organize space.

